

SPECIFICATIONS

Polarity: Horizontal
Gain: -1dBd
Design Z: 50 Ohms

V.S.W.R. Bandwidth: 1.4MHz Between 1.5:1 Points

Power Handling: 800w Weight: 3 lbs

Size:. Triangular; 58"X42"

Materials: 6061-T6 Aluminum, Fiberglass

Hardware: Stainless Steel

Connector: Silver/Teflon SO-239

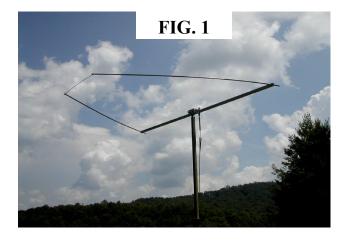
PAR ELECTRONICS

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MODEL G2-50 6M OMNIDIRECTIONAL ANTENNA

PARTS LIST

PART NO.	QTY	DESCRIPTION
SUB5020	1	6 METER MATCHBOX
5021	2	3/4" SQUARE ALUMINUM RADIATOR
5025	2	5/16 ROUND TUBES
5017	1	FIBERGLASS ANGLE
14405	2	SQUARE PLASTIC END CAPS
14407	2	ALUM. BACKUP PLATE 2 HOLES
14408	2	S.S. 10-32X1 1/2" SCREW
2816	2	S.S. 1/4-20X2 1/2" HEX HEAD BOLT
5018	2	S.S. 1/4-20 STAINLESS HEX NUT
14411	2	S.S. 1/4" FLATWASHER
14412	1	5/8" X4" SQ. DIELECTRIC SPACER
5023	1	G2-50 INSTRUCTION SHEET
5004	2	VINYL CAP PLUGS
SUB5024	1	INSULATED TIP ASSEMBLY
5022	2	1/4-20X 1" ALUMINUM SCREW
14418	2	S.S. 1/4 SPLIT RING LOCKWASHER
5019	2	ALUMINUM 1/4" LOCKWASHER
14419	2	S.S. #10 SPLIT RING LOCKWASHER



ASSEMBLY

- 1. Locate the 2 square radiators, square fiberglass spacer, 2 10-32 X 1 1/2" phillips screws and 2 #10 lockwashers. Place the lockwashers on the screws. Insert the spacer into the ends of both square tubes and align the holes. Insert the 2 screws into the holes as shown in Fig.3.
- 2. Assemble the fiberglass mast bracket, and both extruded V clamps using the 2 1/4-20X 2 1/2" hex head bolts, lockwashers, flatwashers and hex nuts in the order shown in Fig.2, 3 and 3A. Look at the end of the 3/4" square tubes with the black plastic end caps. You will notice the 5/16" holes are milled at an angle. On one side of the square tube, the 5/16" hole is further in from the end. The mast bracket and clamps should be on this side of the 3/4" square tubes. See the text in Figure 4. The result will be that the mast bracket will be INSIDE the triangle.
- **3.** Match the holes in the above assembly to the 10-32 screws installed in step 1 and assemble as in Fig. 3 and 4.
- 4.Llocate the black plastic matchbox and assemble it onto the 10-32 screws. Be certain to hold the matchbox square to the screws. Turn the screws alternately so the matchbox mounts evenly. If a screw does not turn easily, it is most likely cross threaded and should be immediately backed out and reinstalled into the matchbox. Tighten the 10-32 screws so that the lockwashers under the screw heads collapse fully.
- 4. Locate the (2) 5/16" tube assemblies (5025). Temporarily, remove the vinyl caps. Insert these ends into the far ends of the square tubes from the side the mast bracket is on. That is, when the antenna is fully assembled, the mast bracket will be **inside** the rectangle. Leave approximately 1" of 5/16" tube extending beyond the square tube– Fig. 4.
- 5. Locate the insulated tip assembly bag and hardware. The lockwashers and screws are aluminum and should not be substituted with steel pieces. Place a lockwasher over each aluminum 1/4-20 screw and assemble the tip assembly onto the far ends of the 5/16" tube assemblies. See Fig. 5. Tighten just enough to collapse the lockwashers. As you assemble the 2nd end of the reflector the 5/16" tubes will flex inward to accommodate assembly. This feature automatically locks the 5/16" tubes into the square radiators without the need for hardware and lends strength to the completed assembly.
- **6.** As you mount the antenna to a mast, tighten each hex nut alternately so the mast brackets remain parallel to each other.
- 7. In order to accommodate maximum power, we have not built a balun into the antenna, as we do in our Omniangle series. A current choke mode is recommended right below the matchbox and can be constructed by making a coil of 6 turns of your feedline coiled into a 4" diameter coil. The turns may be taped or tie wrapped together.

TUNEUP

- 1. Mount the antenna in the clear. Temporary tune up can be done at a height of 10'-this approximates free space. Connect an antenna analyzer, VHF V.S.W.R. bridge or VHF wattmeter through a short length of coaxial cable. If using a transmitter, we suggest using low power for tuneup until you get the antenna adjusted.
- 2. The resonant frequency is adjusted by lengthening or shortening the 5/16" rods- Lengthening the rods will lower the resonant frequency. To move a rod; hold the square radiator with one hand while grasping one of the 5/16" rods close in to the square radiator. Flex the 5/16" rod to relieve pressure on the mounting hole. At the same time slide the rod in or out as required. When unflexed, the rod will stay put.

Note: Be sure to lengthen or shorten the rods in **equal** increments.

NOTE:

IF YOU EXPERIENCE DIFFICULTY TUNING THE ANTENNA, CHECK YOUR COAXIAL CABLE AND CONNECTORS FOR SHORTS, OPENS AND CONTINUITY. AN EXCELLENT TEST IS TO PLACE A KNOWN, GOOD VHF TERMINATION ON ONE END AND MEASURE THE V.S.W.R. WHILE FLEXING THE CABLE AND CONNECTORS. IT IS NOT AN EXAGGERATION, TO SAY THAT CLOSE TO 100% OF ANTENNA PROBLEMS CAN BE TRACED TO THIS SINGLE FAULT.

